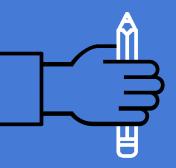




DBOA COURT COVERAGE

2-PERSON & 3-PERSON Crews



Norms:

- 1. Be Attentive
 - a. Present
 - b. Mentally Focused
 - c. Open minded
 - d. Ready to learn something new
- 2. Be courteous
 - a. Limit sidebar conversations
 - b. Silence your cell phones



Learning Objective:



What's the

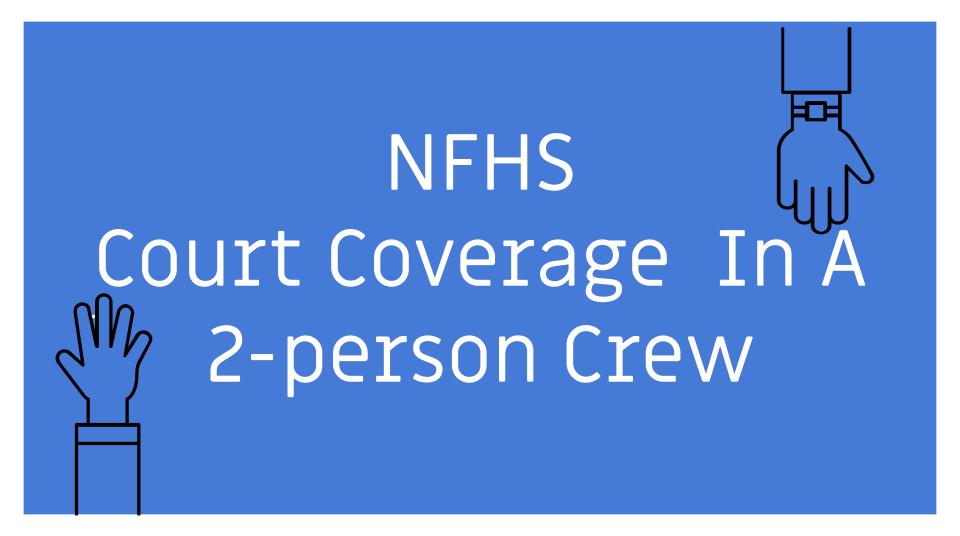
BIG

IDEA?

To understand primary coverage areas in order to better recognize call responsibilities in the NFHS 2-person and 3-person officiating system to improve call selection in **Areas of Intersection**, **Transition**, **Rebounding**, and on **Drives to the Basket**.

If you stay in your lane.... There is no traffic...





Basic Court Coverage - Lead & Trail

Keys:

- ★ Move to improve your look -Maintain an "open look" between players in your PCA. Avoid being "straight-lined" or "stacked"
- ★ Do the work early, work hard to find/maintain open angles on competitive matchups when the ball is not in your PCA.

Front court - Mirrors the ball when its out of PCA. May move to "ball side" if playing action dictates.

Rebounding - Watch for activity in PCA mindful of NOT looking up.

3-pt shot - Signals attempt in PCA will NOT signal the success.

Transition - Stay with the ball on

Front court - "Officiate the Arc"

passes in the lane.

Rebounding - Responsible for Goaltending/Basket Interference, and the perimeter rebounding activity.

Transition -

"Trail the play" careful not to overrun the play. If a pass is made in the lane, stay with the passer.

3- pt shot -Signals attempt in PCA, mirrors the attempt in Lead's PCA, and signals success on all made 3-pt shots.

Lead Mechanics - "Mirroring The Ball"

Mirroring the Ball-

The Lead should move along the end line based on the ball movement and the player's location.

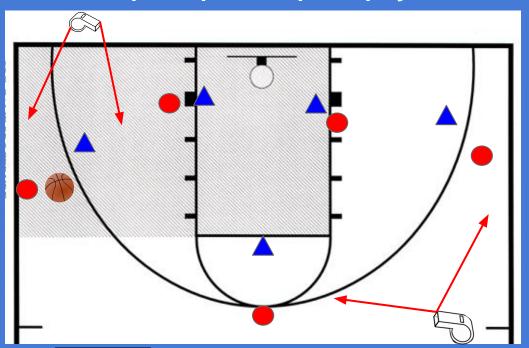
DOs:

- ★ Get deep to provide a great field of vision
- ★ Referee at a 45 degree angle
- ★ Keep you head on a swivel.

DONTs:

- → The lead should NOT be wider than the 3 point line.
- → "Square/Toe up the endline
- → Be parallel with lane line extended.

The lead is ON BALL & opens up to accept the play



Lead Mechanics - "Mirroring The Ball"

Close Down-

When the ball moves to the middle of the court or farther, the Lead should move just outside the free throw lane line extended.

DOs:

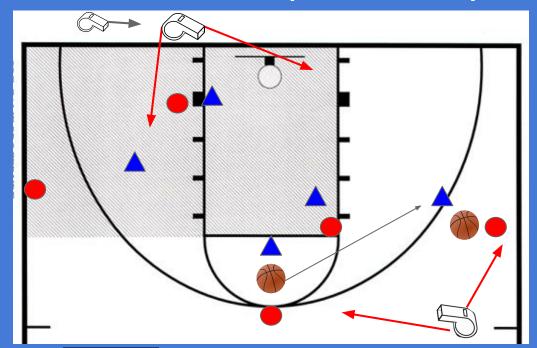
- ★ Get deep to provide a great field of vision
- ★ Referee at a 45 degree angle
- ★ Referee in the paint

DONTs:

- → "Square/Toe up the endline
- → Be parallel with lane line extended.
- → Ball Watch

The lead is in "Close Down"

OFF BALL & finds the "competitive match" up in PCA



Lead Mechanics - "Mirroring The Ball"

Pinch the Paint-

When the ball is below the free throw line extended and there is a chance there may be a drive or play at the rim, the Lead should move one step inside the lane line extended.

DOs:

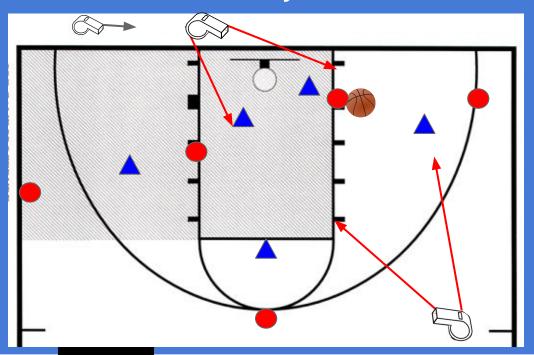
- ★ Get deep to provide a great field of vision
- ★ Maintain an open look in the PCA
- ★ Be ready to HELP i

DONTs:

- → Stand inside the paint or Underneath the basket.
- → Officiate across the paint

The lead is "Pinching the Paint"

OFF BALL & is prepared to help Trail on curl plays and Secondary Defenders.



Advanced Lead Mechanics - Ball Side Officiating

Front court -

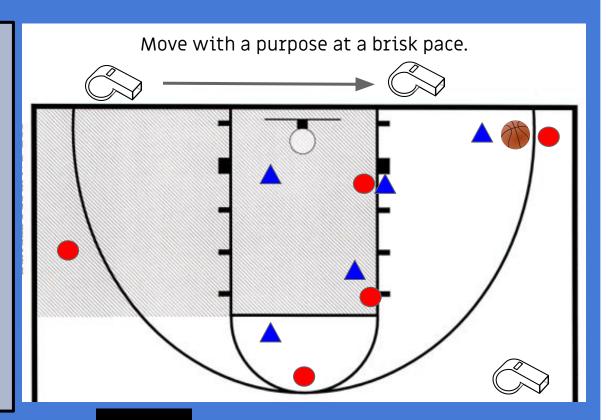
The Lead may move to "ball side" if playing action dictates.

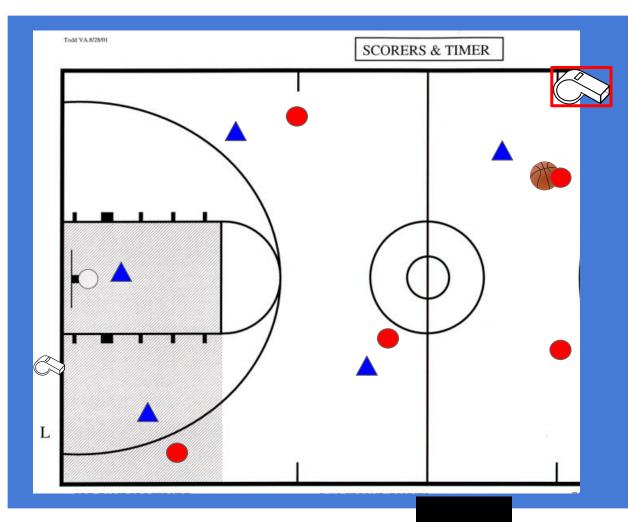
Keys:

- → Majority of players are in Trail's area.
- The ball is below the free throw line extended.

Remember:

- ★ GO BACK once the play is over or a change of possession has occurred.
- Referee the post, NOT the perimeter.





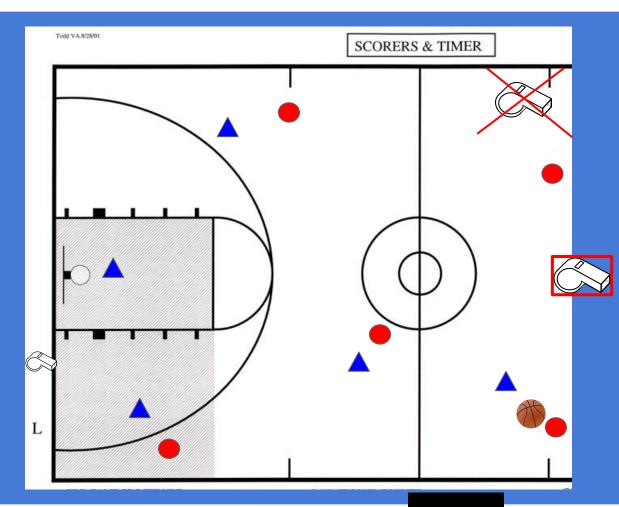
Trail in Transition

DOs

- ★ Trail the play
- ★ Maintain an open look between BHD and defender.
- ★ Stay with the PASSER on plays in the paint to be ready for the "pass and crash". UNLESS the pass is made opposite the Lead.

DONTS

- → Overrun the players
- → Be lazy Keep up with the players even if you think there will be a quick shot.



Trail in Transition

DOs

★ Move to maintain the best angle on the play in your PCA. Even if this means moving into the middle of the court.

DONTs

→ Hug the side line as the ball moved up the court.

Lead in Transition

DOs

- ★ Move the the endline quickly to accept the play.
- ★ GO with the BALL on plays in the paint TRAIL has the "crash" LEAD has the pass. UNLESS the pass is made opposite the Lead.

DONTS

- → Leave the trail with all the players in the backcourt. STAY CONNECTED.
- → Officiate across the paint. UNLESS it is OBVIOUS & ILLEGAL.

Drives to the Basket

Lead -

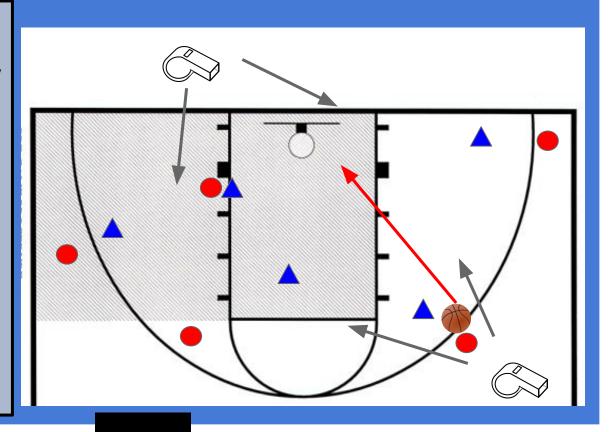
On drives originating in the Trail's Primary the LEAD should look for any secondary defenders or screens in the lane area, and be ready to have a secondary timed whistle on OBVIOUS & ILLEGAL contact that the trail cannot see.

Keys:

- → Pick up secondary defenders and screeners
- → Be ready to officiate any curl plays that come toward you.

DONTs

- ★ Ball watch
- ★ Call a hit if you cannot see the ball



Drives to the Basket

Trail -

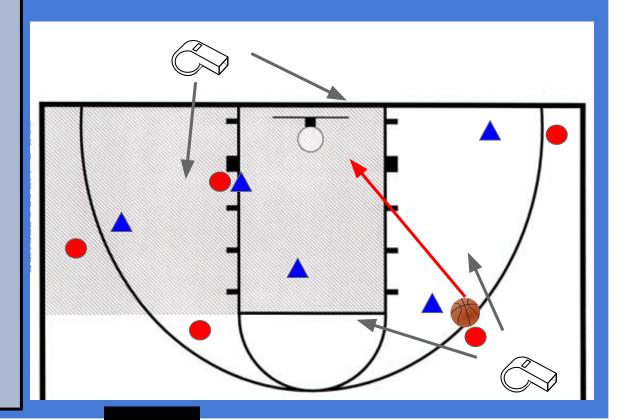
On drives originating in the Trail's Primary the TRAIL should maintain an open angle on the play and officiate it all the way to the basket.

DOs

→ Step down to remain connected to the play

DONTs

- ★ "Bail out" to beat the next play down the floor.
- ★ Make a call if the play curls away from you.

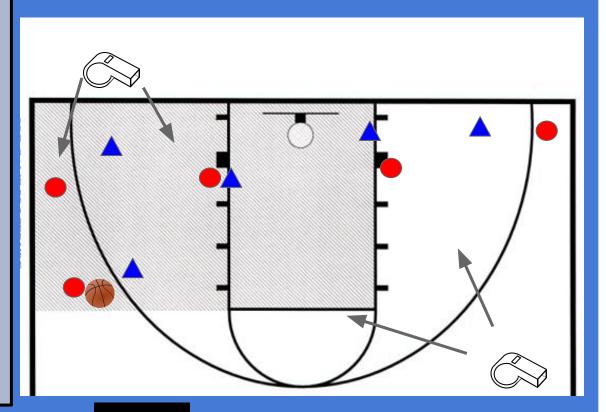


When Coverage Areas Intersect

Lead / Trail - Should pick up the ball when it enters his/her PCA.

D₀s

- → Quickly look at partner to see if he/she has a 5-sec count.
- Use body language to let your partner know you have accepted the play.
- → Find the next competitive matchup in your PCA if your partner cannot release the play.

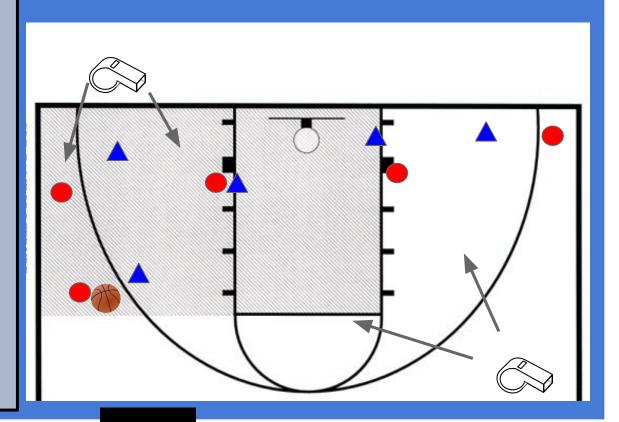


When Coverage Areas Intersect

Lead / Trail - Should pick up the ball when it enters his/her PCA.

DONTs

- ★ Officiate a play your partner is still on
- Release the play (If you can) once it is FULLY in your partners PCA.
- ★ Stop counting if you have a 5-sec closely guarded count.







Center Responsibilities -

Rebounding - Weak side

3 pt shot - Signals Attempt and success in PCA. Mirrors success in Trail's PCA.

Drives to the basket - Officiates the "backside" and primarily responsible for off ball coverage. Officiates the primary defender on drives originating from his/her PCA.

Transition -

"Middle third" of the players. Center will officiate plays from "free throw line to free throw line" and "sideline to sideline"

Lead Responsibilities -

Rebounding - Strong side
3 pt shot - Help ONLY
Drives to the basket Secondary defenders on play
originating from Trail or Center.

Trail Responsibilities -

Rebounding - Strong side and Perimeter **3 pt shot** - Signals Attempt and success in PCA.

Mirrors success in Center's PCA. **Drives to the basket** - Secondary defenders on

Drives to the basket - Secondary defenders on play originating from LEAD. Officates the primary defender on drives originating from his/her PCA.

Basic Court Coverage -Lead, Center & Trail

Keys:

- ★ Move to improve your look Maintain an "open look" between players in your PCA. Avoid being "straight-lined" or "stacked"
- ★ Do the work early, work hard to find/maintain open angles on competitive matchups when the ball is not in your PCA.

Lead Mechanics -

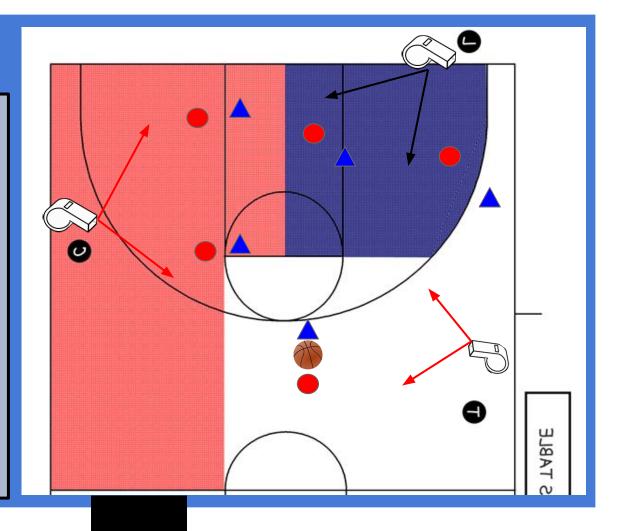
The Lead should move along the end line based on the ball movement and the player's location.

DOs:

- ★ Get WIDER rather than deeper to get a great field of vision
- ★ Referee at a 45 degree angle
- ★ Keep you head on a swivel.

DONTs:

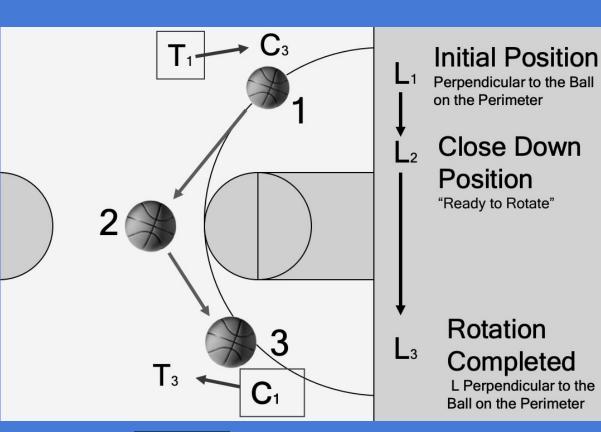
- → The lead should NOT be wider than the 3 point line.
- → "Square/Toe up the endline
- → Be parallel with lane line extended.



Rotations

DOS

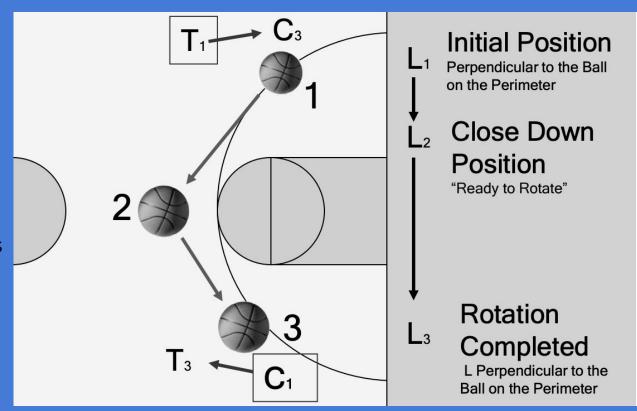
- ★ Lead be as wide as the ball but no farther than 3pt line.
- ★ The Lead should officiate in the paint or "in the past" as he/she rotates.
- ★ Center accept the play as it enter PCA
- ★ Trail should step toward end line as the lead rotates to become new center.
- ★ It is ok to momentarily have 2 centers.



Rotations

DONTS

- ★ Lead should not stay in "close down".
- ★ The Lead should not pick up the play on the opposite block during rotation
- ★ Lead should NEVER rotate on drives/shots
- ★ Center should not move from an open look just because the lead rotated.
- ★ It is NEVER ok to have 2 trails.



Center Mechanics -

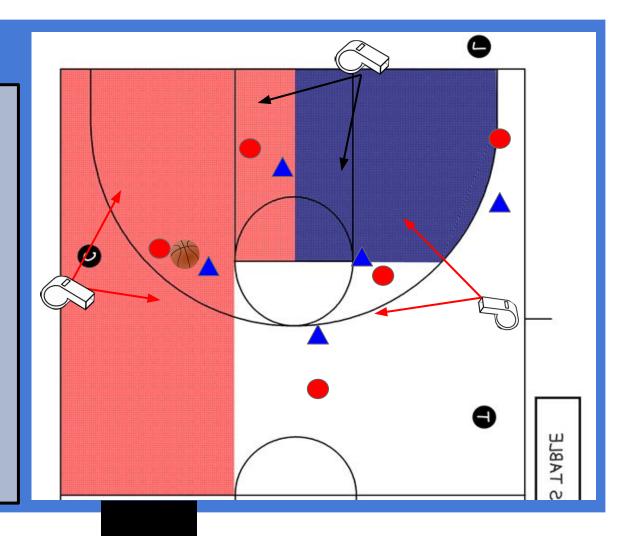
The Center should be watching primarily off ball and the weak side.

DOs:

- ★ Stay on the sideline unless players dictate taking 1 or 2 steps on the court.
- ★ Keep you head on a swivel.
- ★ Step toward baseline on all shot attempts to help with rebounding.
- ★ Responsible for goaltending/Basket interference

DONTs:

→ "Bail out" on rebound and in bounds. Stay and help Old Lead/New Trail



Trail Mechanics -

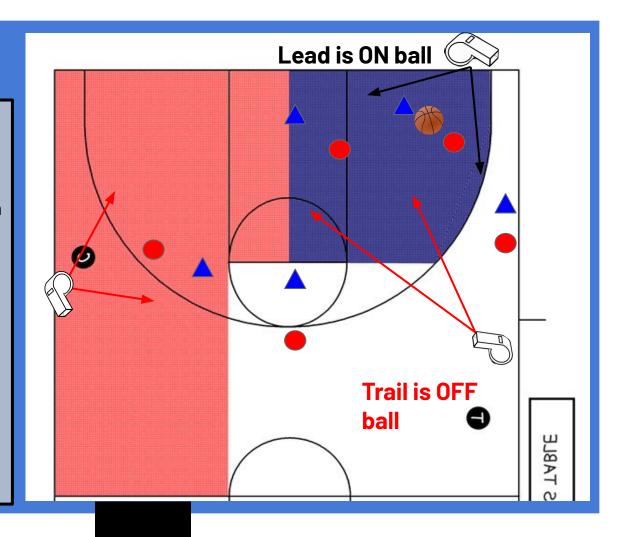
The Center should be watching primarily off ball and the weak side.

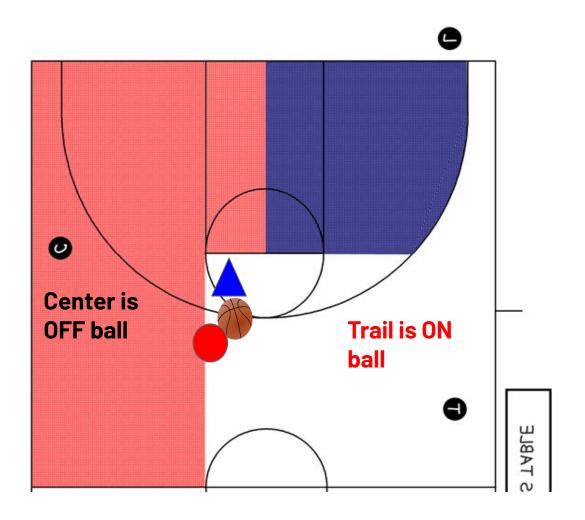
ON BALL:

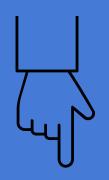
- ★ Maintain an open look between BHD and defender.
- ★ On the "pass/crash Stay with the PASSER on plays in the paint.

OFF BALL:

→ When the ball is in the LEAD's PCA the trail should look into the pain and officiate the post play activity.

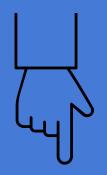




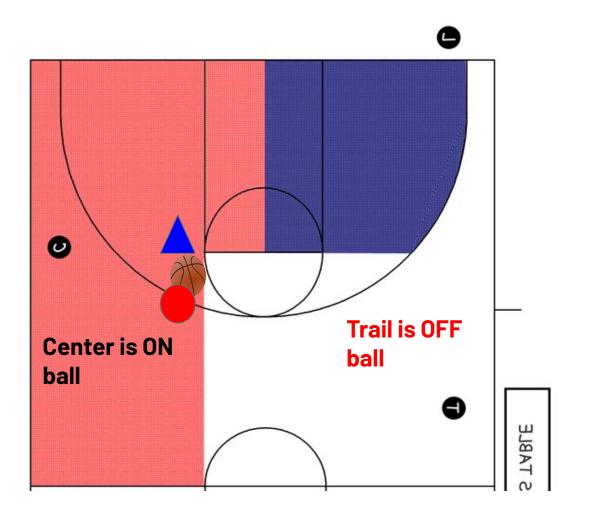


Areas of Intersection

EXCEPTION With a 5 second closely guarded count..... 0 **Center** is Trail is ON **OFF** ball ball TABLE



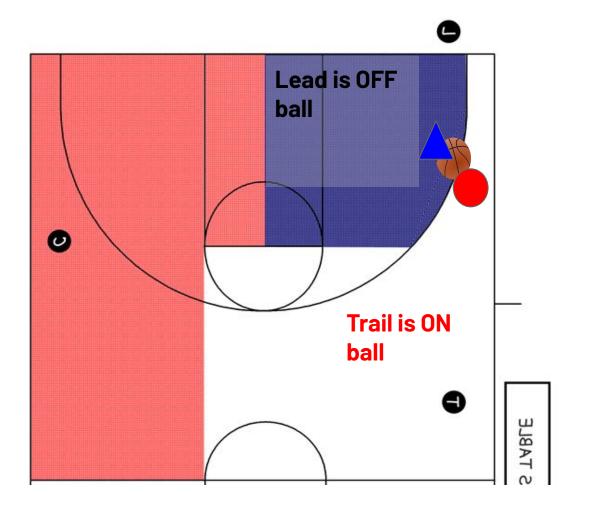
Areas of Intersection





Areas of Intersection

The ball is in your PCA and is your responsibility UNTIL it is CLEARLY & COMPLETELY out of your PCA





Areas of Intersection

The ball is in your PCA and is your responsibility UNTIL it is CLEARLY & COMPLETELY out of your PCA

Drives to the Basket

Trail -

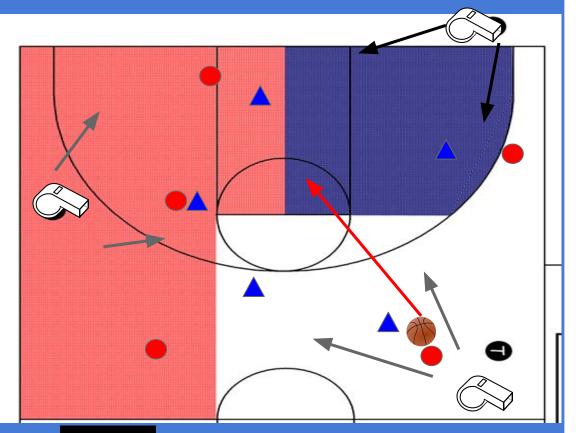
On drives originating in the Trail's Primary the TRAIL should maintain an open angle on the play and officiate it all the way to the basket.

DOs

→ Step down to remain connected to the play

DONTS

- * "Bail out" to beat the next play down the floor.
- ★ Make a call if the play curls away from you.



Drives to the Basket

Center -

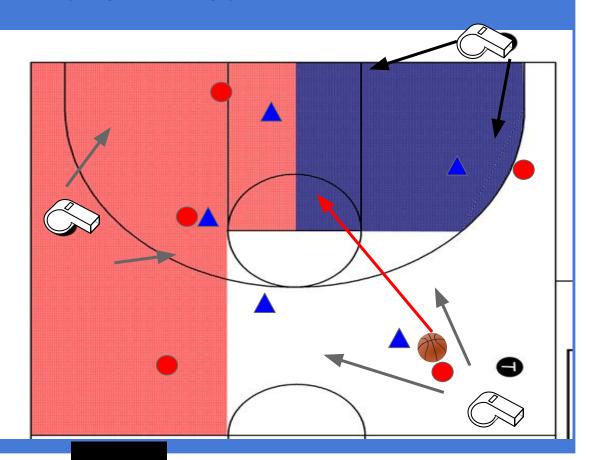
On drives originating in the Trail's Primary the CENTER should work to find an open angle on players who may try to help on the play.

DOs

- → Step down to remain connected and help if necessary
- → Be ready to help on OBVIOUS & ILLEGAL contact the trail cant see.
- → Be ready to help on curl plays.

DONTs

* "Bail out" to beat the next play down the floor.



Lead -

On drives originating in the Trail's Primary the LEAD should work to find an open angle on players who may try to help on the play and be ready to help in his/her secondary.

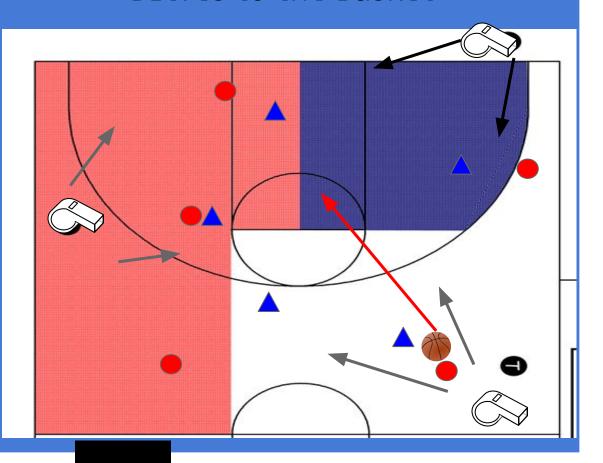
DOs

- → Look for secondary defenders
- → Stay wide.
- → Be ready to help on OBVIOUS & ILLEGAL contact the trail can't see.

DONTS

- ★ Have a primary whistle. BE PATIENT
- ★ Blow on curl plays (curl away stay away)

Drives to the Basket



Lead -

On drives originating in the Center's Primary the LEAD should "pinch the paint" to be ready to help in his/her secondary.

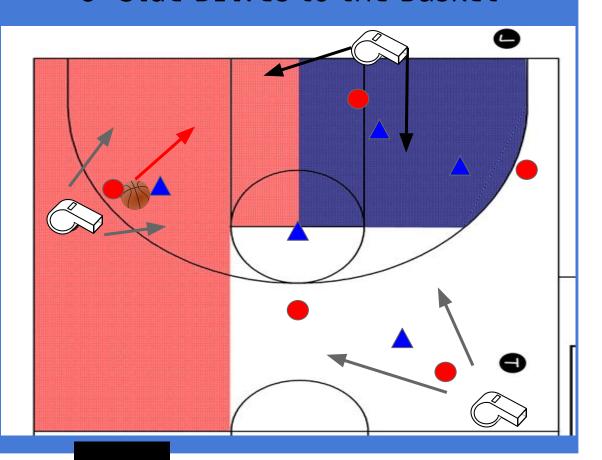
DOs

- → Look for secondary defenders
- → Be in "pinch"
- → Be ready to help on OBVIOUS & ILLEGAL contact the Center can't see.

DONTs

- ★ Have a primary whistle. BE PATIENT
- ★ Lose sight of secondary defenders who my try to help.
- ★ Ball watch

C- Side Drives to the Basket



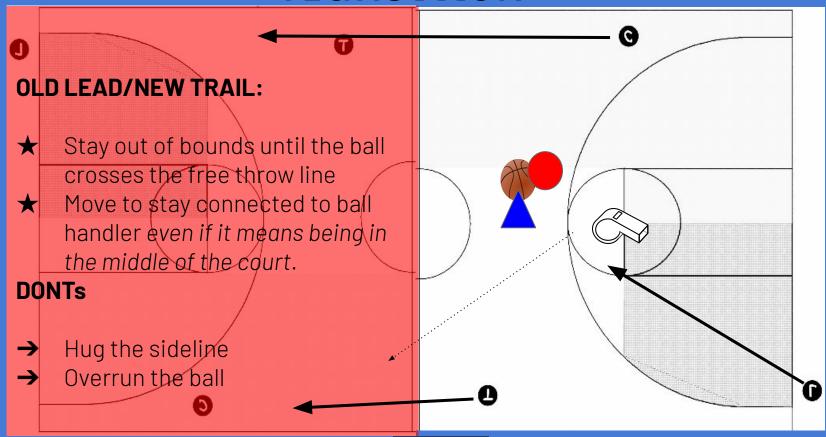
Transition



Transition



Transition



Switch

Lead Official

Trail Official

Close Down

Ball Side

Strong Side

Weak Side

Table Side

Move to Improve

Pinch the Paint

Straight-Line

Primary Coverage

Area

Competitive

Matchup

Dead Ball Officiating

Bump and Run

Primary Defender

Secondary Defender

Glossary

Scan Me

To come back to this presentation

